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filed objections to the Bill of Costs in compliance with Civil Local Rule 54(b)(4). Civil Local Rule 54(b)(4) states, "Upon the timely filing of any objections, the Clerk of Court will refer both the Bill of Costs and objections to the Court for a determination of taxable costs." Defendant's Bill of Costs is therefore properly before the court.

Defendant attached a Declaration of R. Marsil Johnson in Support of Motion for Taxation of Costs to its Motion to Tax Costs. See ECF No. 137-2. This declaration does not "contain a representation that counsel met and conferred in an effort to resolve any disputes about the claimed costs . . . or that [Defendant] made a good faith effort to arrange such a conference, setting forth the reasons the conference was not held." Plaintiff states that no such attempt has been made. See Opp'n ¶ 6, ECF No. 139. Defendant's Reply Memorandum in Support of Motion to Tax Costs does not address this omission. See ECF No. 140. Defendant has not sought leave to file any supplement to its Motion to Tax Costs indicating that it remedied this omission by subsequently seeking to meet and confer with Plaintiff. In light of Defendant's noncompliance with the court's local rules, the court DENIES the Motion to Tax Costs and SUSTAINS Plaintiff's objections to the Bill of Costs. See D. Guam R 2.1 ("The failure to conform to any of these Local Rules . . . shall subject the offending party . . . to such penalties . . . as the Court may deem appropriate under the circumstances.").

## SO ORDERED.



/s/ Frances M. Tydingco-Gatewood **Chief Judge** Dated: Jun 27, 2023